Landscape Plants You Should Meet

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Non-Native Shrubs and Small Trees
Adapted to our climate
Adapted to most of our soils
Readily available in the nursery
Daphne odora “Winter Daphne”

- Winter blooming and very fragrant
- Well drained soil – this is a must
- Use in shady borders
- 3-4 feet
- Can be damaged in very cold winters
- Very toxic
- Non-Native - China
• Deutzia gracilis  "Chardonnay Pearls"
• Slow Grower
• Sun to part shade
• Rounded growth habit
• About 3 feet
• Non-native

Photo courtesy www.provenwinners.com
Edgeworthia chrysantha “Chinese Paper Plant”

4-6 feet

Full to Part Sun

White, Yellow, and Red blooms

Non-Native - India

Very Early Bloomer, Fragrant

Wood used for high quality paper
Lonicera fragrantissima “Winter Honeysuckle

- Sweet smelling winter blooming 4-6’ shrub
- Sun to part shade
- Small Fruit
Hydrangea macrophylla

For Pink add lime

For Blue add sulfur

Prune after flowering
Hydrangea macrophylla “Endless Summer”
Hydrangea macrophylla “Endless Summer”

- Non-native
- Mophead
- Big leaf hydrangea
- Heirloom plant
- Newer cultivars are selected for remontant (re-blooming quality)
Hydrangea paniculata

• Not native
• Very cold hardy.
• Needs full sun to get the most flowers and to avoid powdery mildew.
• Flowers are on new growth, so prune in late winter or early spring before growth.
• Can be used in a planter.
Hydrangea Paniculata

- **Hydrangea paniculata**
  
  **Variety:** Limelight
  
  **Common Name:** Hardy Hydrangea

Photo by [www.provenwinners.com](http://www.provenwinners.com)
**Berberis thunbergii** “Japanese Barberry”

- For good red color it needs light.
- Careful when pruning – thorns
- Reaches 3 to 6 feet – more dwarf forms exist – next slide
Crimson Pygmy Barberry 2-3’
Abelia X grandiflora “Glossy Abelia”

- Does well in sun or shade
- Very drought tolerant (no wet feet)
- Butterfly attractant
- 3-6 feet (high and wide)
- Many varieties (some variegated)
- Great Non-Native Plant

Edward Goucher
Abelia Bloom
Abelia “GoldDust”
Abelia grandifolia “Silver Anniversary”

Photo courtesy of www.provenwinners.com

Non-native
RAZZLE DAZZLE™ Dwarf Crapemyrtles

A new compact shrub crapemyrtle!
The perfect size for borders, beds, and containers.

- Easy to grow and sun loving
- Range of brilliant colorful foliage
- Good mildew resistance
- Exceptional flowering summer into fall
- Superb for container and patio gardening
- Plant in groups of 3-5 for mass color

Five varieties to choose from.

Cherry Dazzle™
Dazzle® Me Pink
Raspberry Dazzle™
Rudy Dazzle™
Snow Dazzle™

www.gardenersconfidence.com

Información en español en la etiqueta.
Crapemyrtle - Pokamoke

- A unique dwarf-size, multistemmed shrub with panicles of dark rosy pink flowers that bloom throughout the summer.
- The dark green foliage turns rich bronze-red in fall.
- Use as accent, in containers or massed in borders.
- 3 to 5 feet tall and 4 to 5 feet wide
Loropetalum chinensis “Bill Wallace”
Fuchsia magellanica “Hardy Fuchsia”

- 2-4 feet max here
- Moist – well drained
- Afternoon shade
- Great border or container plant
- Marginal cold hardiness but worth growing
- Non-Native - SA
Rosa banksia “Lady Banks Rose”

- Semi Climber
- Can be stand alone sprawling shrub
- Spectacular bloom in April
- No thorns
- Great for entrance arbors
Knock Out Roses

Patented Plants: Very good disease resistance
Sambucus nigra “Black Beauty”

- Lemon Scented Flower – late spring
- Cut back each year to contain size
- Poor mans Japanese Maple
Spiraea japonica 'WALBUMA'  

- Well-drained soil sun or part shade (sunny location is best for the richest leaf color)
- Changes colors through out the seasons (darker later)
- Deciduous
Spirea “LittlePrincess”

- Clusters of rose-pink blooms create a pleasing contrast with mint green foliage.
- Forms a neat compact rounded form that fits nicely in shrub borders.
- Deciduous
Weigela florida

- **Exposure**
  - Full sun

- **Height**
  - 20-26”

- **Spacing**
  - 24-36”

- **Hardy Temp**
  - -15°F

- **Uses**
  - Great in landscapes and also capable of growing in a pot.

- **Deciduous**

Wine and Roses
• Buddleia davidii “Peacock”
• Butterfly bush
• Non-native, cutback plant

Photo courtesy of www.provenwinners.com
Buddleia davidii “Royal Red”
Tall Shrubs

Most on this list are 8’ or taller
Many could be grown as a large shrub or trained in the shape of a small tree
Syringa vulgaris “Lilac” Betsy Ross

- 'Betsy Ross' is the first lilac cultivar to be released by the U.S. National Arboretum.
- Early-blooming lilac
- Abundant, white, fragrant flowers.
- Developed for warmer climate
- 10 feet tall at least as wide
- Has good tolerance to powdery mildew. ‘Betsy Ross’ was selected for its rounded growth habit.
**Hibiscus syriacus “Rose of Sharon”**

- Rose of Sharon, *Hibiscus syriacus*, isn't a rose, but its large, flat blossoms and nectar attract hummingbirds. The flowers on this woody shrub come in several colors, including white, pink, purple, and red. Photo by www.provenwinners.com
Hibiscus syriacus, Rose of Sharon or Althea

- Non-native shrub
- Species can be invasive
- Easy to grow in full sun site
- Adapted to many soil types
- Greek Goddess series is not invasive
Greek Goddess Series

Helene

Aphrodite

Minerva

Diana
Camellia sinensis

- Common Tea
- White fragrant blooms - early fall
- Some shade
- Well drained soils
- 4-6 feet high
- Non-Native - China
Camellia japonica “Lady Clare”

• Marginal Cold Hardiness
• Best in semi-shade
• Glossy dark green foliage
• For growing info and cold hardiness visit http://pubs.caes.uga.edu/caespubs/pubcd/B813-w.htm
Camellia japonica “Victor Emmanuel”

- Medium Size 8-12’
- Fairly Cold Hardy
- Late Bloomer
Camellia sasanqua

- More cold hardy than japonica
- Also, grow in semi-shade
- Normally bloom in the fall
- Smaller blooms and smaller plant than japonica
- http://www.aces.edu/pubs/docs/A/ANR-0202/
Camellia sasanqua “Sparkling Burgundy”
Cryptomeria japonica “Black Dragon”

- Sun/Light Shade
- 8-10’ tall 4’ wide
- Acid soils
- Lots of size and shapes
- Needs good air circulation
- Tolerant of compacted soils – restricted roots
Cupressus arizonica “Carolina Sapphire”

- 20’x12’ Pyramidal shape
- Full sun
- Tolerates drought
- Wide pH tolerance
- High humidity may cause problems
- Needs open area with good air flow
Eriobotrya japonica “Loquat”

- Marginal cold tolerance
- Leathery dark foliage
- Sun to semi-shade
- Blooms winter/fruits further south
Ilex latifolia (Lusterleaf holly)

• Large magnolia like leaves
• 15-25’ pyrimidal shape
• Good tall screen or specimen plant
• Red berries in fall
• Sun or shade
• Takes very dry soils
• Could be used as small tree
Ilex x attenuata “Dixie” series

- Series of hollies called Dixie – similar to Foster
- Dense dark foliage
- Dixie Dream, Dixie Flame and Dixie Star
- 15-20’ tall
- Dixie Star is smaller 10’
Ilex “Mary Nell” Holly

- Several other good pyrimidal hollies
- Nellie R. Stephens
- Emily Brunner
- Wirt L. Winn
- All are dense evergreens that do well in full sun to part shade
Juniperus chinensis “Hetzi Columnaris”

- 12-15’ narrow
- Full sun
- Attractive and durable
- Spartan – another like variety
- Well drained soil
- Takes drought
Ligustrum japonicum “Recurvifolium”

- Sun to semi shade
- 8-15’ tough screen
- Variegated forms available
- Takes drought well
- White bloom - spring
Loropetalum chinense “Rubrum – Plum Delight”

- Upright and spreading, usually wider than high, long arching branches.
- Moist, well-drained soil, sun or shade. May require some protection.
- Foundation, screen, shrub border. Becomes large with age and needs room.
- Pretty with or without blooms.
Loropetalum chinense

- Sun to part shade
- Can be pruned to small tree
- Some dwarf forms available
Osmanthus fragrans

- Sun to part shade
- Very fragrant blooms
- Will reach 15’ but can be kept smaller
- Slow growth rate
- Marginal cold tolerance but worth using because of the fragrance
- Useful as a dense screen (leyland replacement)
Osmanthus x fortunei

- Large shrub or small tree
- Slow growth rate
- Oval shape
- Part shade to full sun
- White bloom spring and fall
- Fragrant blooms
- Takes very dry soil
Podocarpus macrophyllus “Maki”

- Sun to shade
- Protected site
- Columnar shape
- Some more oval shape
- Wide needle like foliage
Viburnum awabuki

- 15-20’ shrub or small tree
- Fragrant blooms
- Possible winter damage some years
- Screen or specimen plant
- Large shiny leaves
- Not drought tolerant
Viburnum x pragense “Prague Viburnum”

- 6-12’ tall 6’ wide
- Dark green lanceolate foliage
- Sun to semi shade
- Takes very dry soil
- Good corner plant or in mixed shrub border
- Showy white blooms in spring
Viburnum macrocephalum (Chinese snowball viburnum)

- 10-18’ huge mound
- Tough huge conversation plant
- Late Spring Bloom
- Sun to semi shade
- Takes very dry soil
- Deciduous to semi evergreen
Viburnum plicatum (Double file viburnum)  
“Shasta”

- Dogwood like bloom effect
- Sun to semi shade
- Tolerates some drought
- 10-12’ tall and wide
- Deciduous
- Purple to red fall color
- ‘Summer Snowflake’ is only 6-8’ tall
Exochordra racemosa (Pearlbush)

- Sun to semi shade
- Heavy bloomer in spring
- Thrives on neglect
- 8-10’ by 6’ wide
- Tolerates drought
- Deciduous
- Mixed border
Small Trees

15’ to 25’ is the average height in this list
Acer palmatum

- The species will reach 20’ or more
- Slow growing
- Green leaves until fall
- Fall color is variable
- Can be burned by late frost
Acer palmatum “Bloodgood”

- Grafted Jap Maple
- Semi shade
- 15’ H & W
- Slow growth rate
- Expensive plants
- Leafs out very early some years
Acer palmatum “Viridis”

- Threadleaf type or dissectums
- This cultivar is green with gold fall color
- Red Dragon and Tamukeyama (red) are also good in the south
- 4-8’ slow growth
Acer palmatum “Red Dragon”
Chioanthus retusus (Chinese Fringe Tree)

- 15-25’ tall – slow\med
- Blooms mid-April
- Full Sun to light shade
- Very pretty small tree
- Adapted to most soils (can take wet soils)
Cornus kousa var chinensis “Milky Way” Chinese Dogwood

- Semi shade
- 15-25’h 20w
- Slow growth
- Semi-Evergreen
- Blooms 2 weeks after native dogwood
- Some anthracnose resistance
- Heat tolerant
Cotinus coggyria (Smoke Tree)

- 10-15’T and 15-25’W
- Slow growth rate
- Full sun is best
- Tolerates drought
- Spring to Early Summer bloom
- Blooms Purple, Pink or White
- Short lived – 20 years average
Diospyros kaki “Fuyu”
Japanese Persimmon

- Non astringent fruit
- Marginal cold hardiness
- 15-25’ H & W
- Full sun
- Tolerates dry soils (but will drop fruit in drought)
- Nice fall color (yellow to orange)
Magnolia stellata (Star Magnolia)

- 10-20’ H and W
- Slow growth rate
- Sun to semi shade
- Fragrant showy spring blooms
- Tolerates dry soils
- “Crysanthemumiflora” has light pink flowers
Magnolia acuminata x denudata
“Elizabeth”

- 20-30’H x 15’W
- Slow growth rate
- Light yellow fragrant blooms in Early spring
- Tolerates some drought
- Semi shade to full sun
- Nice foliage, bark and winter buds (large fuzzy brown)
Malus x (Flowering Crabapple)

- Full sun
- 6-25’H 10-20’W
- Blooms in pink, red and white
- Early spring bloom
- Flowers usually fragrant and showy
- Small messy fruit
Morus alba “Chaparral”
Weeping mulberry

- 8H x 8W
- Sun to light shade
- Grafted on standard plant
- Male – no messy fruit
- Shiny bold leaves
- Surface roots near trunk (therefore plant in beds)
Prunus x “Okame”
Flowering Cherry

- 15-25H and W
- Short lived trees (15-20 years)
- Tolerates drought
- Sun to semi shade
- Many pest
- Lots of colors
Prunus x yedoensis “Yoshino Cherry”
Prunus serrulata “Snowgoose”
Oriental Cherry

- 20’H and vase shaped
- Resist some pest
- 15-20 year max life
Prunus persica (Ornamental peach)

- 15-25’H & W
- Tolerates some drought
- Short lived trees
- Lots of pest problems
Styrax japonicus (Japanese Snowbell)

- 15-25’H & W
- Sun to semi shade
- Slow to medium growth rate
- White fragrant blooms in late April
- Underused nice small tree
- Can grow as multi-trunk
- Very nice bark
- Tolerates drought
Vitex agnus-castus (Chastetree)

- 15-20’ H & W
- Full sun
- Blooms late May-July (blue, lavender and white)
- 12-18” bloom spikes that repeat bloom
- Handsome palmate foliage
- Marginal cold hardiness
- Fast growth
- Tolerates drought
• Vitex agnus-castus (Chastetree)
• Blooms resemble butterfly bush
Green Giant Arborvitae
Leyland Cypress Substitute

- Fast-growing, evergreen plant to define property lines, screen undesirable views or serve as a windbreak
- 2007 Georgia Gold Medal winner
- Tolerates almost any soil condition
- Has shown excellent pest resistance, including deer browsing.
- 50 to 60 feet at 3 ft per year
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• Thank you for your attention
• Questions or comments