



Commercial Turf and Lawns

Chemical Weed Control Recommendations for 2012

PREPLANT

Table 1. Herbicide Preplant Recommendations

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
Preplant				
glyphosate				
ROUNDUP PRO	4-6 T. of 4 lb./gal. isopropyl-amine salt	3-4 lb. (isopropyl-amine salt)	Annual and perennial grasses, broadleaf weeds and sedges,	TURFGRASS RENOVATION: This must be applied by a professional applicator. Apply to actively growing vegetation that is at least 4 to 5 inches tall. Mowing, tillage, or renovation techniques should be delayed for 7 to 14 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts. A second application may be necessary. Mid to late summer is the best time to treat for control of warm-season weeds. Desirable turfgrasses may be established as soon as acceptable control has been obtained on existing vegetation. See label for precautionary statements.
ROUNDUP PRO DRY	1.25-1.75 oz. of 71.4% SP	3-4 lb. (ammonium salt)	including nutsedge, bermudagrass, bahiagrass, torpedograss, etc.	

PREEMERGENCE

Preemergence herbicide treatments should be applied to turfgrasses prior to emergence of the specific target weed. The recommended herbicide rates given below are for turfgrasses growing under optimum conditions of light, moisture, and nutrients. For sensitive grasses or for any grasses growing

under stress conditions (such as on golf greens, in shade, or in drought situations), apply the lowest effective rate in split applications. Make two applications, 10 to 14 days apart, with each application using half of the lowest effective rate.

Table 2. Herbicide Preemergence Recommendations

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
Preemergence (New Plantings)				
oxadiazon				
RONSTAR 2G	2.25-3.3 lb.	2-3	Crabgrass, goosegrass	Make application to weed-free area immediately after sprigging bermudagrass or zoysiagrass. Irrigate immediately after application. DO NOT apply to newly seeded areas. See label for additional precautions.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED WARM-SEASON—Bermudagrass, Centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, Zoysiagrass				
ESTABLISHED COOL-SEASON—Tall Fescue, Red Fescue, Kentucky Bluegrass				
Preemergence				
atrazine				
AATREX 4L	0.75-1.5 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal.	1-2	Annual bluegrass, henbit, spurweed, burclover, other annual broadleaf weeds	For use ONLY on warm-season turfgrasses listed on label. Apply after October 1 for control of winter weeds or during late winter but before April 15 for control of summer annual weeds. Use the low rate on newly sprigged turfgrass, on hybrid bermudagrass, or for the control of annual bluegrass. DO NOT make more than two applications per year. DO NOT use on alkaline soils or on golf greens. Read label carefully before using this product around trees and ornamentals. DO NOT overseed for 6 months after application. Atrazine is a RESTRICTED USE pesticide. DO NOT apply more than 2 pounds of atrazine a.i. per acre per year.
AATREX NINE-O	0.4-0.8 oz. of 90 WDG	1-2		
benefin				
BALAN	1.8-2.75 lb. of 2.5G	2-3	Crabgrass, goosegrass, annual bluegrass, others	Apply to well-established warm and cool-season turfgrasses. An additional treatment may be made 8 weeks after initial application for continued weed control. DO NOT apply to golf greens. Use high rate for annual bluegrass control on warm-season grasses when applied in late summer or early fall. Delay overseeding for 6 to 16 weeks after treatment, depending on rate used.
benefin + oryzalin				
XL 2G	2.5-3.5 lb. of 2G	2-3	Crabgrass, goosegrass, annual bluegrass, barnyardgrass, foxtail	Apply to established warm-season turfgrasses in February or early March for crabgrass control. For goosegrass control, use high rate. For annual bluegrass control, apply in late August or early September at high rate. Delay overseeding for 6 to 16 weeks after treatment, depending on rate used. Read label for additional directions and application instructions.
benefin + trifluralin				
TEAM 2G	2.4-3.37 lb. of 2G	2-3	Crabgrass, goosegrass, annual bluegrass	Same as for XL 2G, above.
bensulide				
BENSUMEC 4LF	5-9 fl.oz. of 4LF	7.5-12.5	Crabgrass, goosegrass, annual bluegrass, other annual grasses, small-seeded broadleaf weeds	Apply to well-established bermudagrass, centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, zoysiagrass, Kentucky bluegrass, and fescues in March for summer weed control. For goosegrass control, apply about 4 to 6 weeks later. For crabgrass and goosegrass control within 50 miles of Gulf Coast, apply in late February. For winter weed control, apply in late August or early September. Follow directions on label.
PRE-SAN 7G	2.4-4.1 lb.	7.5-12.5		

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED WARM-SEASON AND COOL-SEASON GRASSES (cont.)				
Preemergence (cont.)				
bensulide + oxadiazon ANDERSON'S GOOSEGRASS/CRABGRASS CONTROL	2.6 lb. of 6.5G	7.5	Crabgrass, goosegrass	For use on established bermudagrass, zoysiagrass, tall fescue, and perennial bluegrass. Apply prior to weed seed germination and while grass is dormant. Irrigate immediately after application. Delay overseeding for 5 months after application. May be used on bermudagrass and bentgrass putting greens only under conditions of heavy goosegrass infestations and where the herbicide side effects are tolerable. Yellowing and thinning for up to 4 weeks may be observed on such greens. Can be used to control annual bluegrass on established bentgrass greens. DO NOT use on bermudagrass putting greens to be overseeded. See label for other application instructions.
dithiopyr DIMENSION 1EC	1.5 fl.oz. of 1 lb./gal.	0.5	Crabgrass, yellow foxtail,	Provides preemergence control of annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds. Also controls small crabgrass (before tillering). Dimension does not provide consistent control of goosegrass at labeled rates. Apply as a spring or fall treatment. DO NOT apply more than 1.5 fluid ounces of 1EC or 0.46 ounce of 40 WSP per 1000 square feet per application. DO NOT apply more than 4.5 fluid ounces of 1EC or 1.375 ounces of 40 WSP per 1000 square feet per year. DO NOT overseed or sprig treated areas for 3 months after application.
DIMENSION ULTRA	0.46 oz. of 40 WSP	0.5	smutgrass, woodsorrel, annual bluegrass	
isoxaben GALLERY 75DF	0.25-0.5 oz. of 75DF	0.5-1	Chickweed, clover, henbit, bittercress, spurge, plantains, and other broad-leaf weeds	Use on established warm- and cool-season grasses listed. For summer weed control, apply during early spring. For fall and winter control, apply during late summer to early fall. DO NOT apply to golf course putting greens. Apply 0.5 inch of water within 25 days after application. DO NOT reseed treated area within 60 days.
metolachlor PENNANT MAGNUM 7.62EC	1 fl.oz. of 7.62 lb./gal.	2.5	Yellow nutsedge, annual sedges, annual grasses	For established bermudagrass, centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, and zoysiagrass ONLY . Make application before yellow nutsedge emerges. If rainfall does not occur within 7 days, irrigate with 0.5 inch of water. DO NOT use on golf greens, tees, and aprons. DO NOT seed or overseed with desirable turfgrasses within 4 months before or 6 months after treatment.
oryzalin SURFLAN 4AS	1-1.5 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal.	1.5-2	Crabgrass, goosegrass, annual bluegrass, barnyardgrass, foxtail	Apply to established warm-season turf in February or early March for crabgrass control. For goosegrass control, apply 4 to 6 weeks later at low rate, except in South Alabama. For annual bluegrass control, apply in late August or early September, using low rate. Some movement may occur if not "watered in." Read label for additional directions and application instructions. DO NOT use on putting greens or tees. Reseeding should be delayed for 120 days after treatment.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED WARM-SEASON AND COOL-SEASON GRASSES (cont.)				
Preemergence (cont.)				
oxadiazon				
RONSTAR 2G	2.25-4.5 lb. of 2G	2-4	Crabgrass, goosegrass, annual bluegrass	Ronstar G can be used on all warm- and cool-season grasses, except red fescue, centipedegrass, and bentgrass. DO NOT apply more than 3.25 pounds of the 2G formulation per 1000 square feet to St. Augustinegrass. Ronstar 50WSP can only be applied on <i>dormant established</i> bermudagrass, St. Augustinegrass, and zoysiagrass. Ronstar is not labeled for use on home lawns. Delay overseeding for 4 months after application. See label for additional application instructions.
RONSTAR 50WSP	1.5-2.2 oz. of 50WSP	2-3		
pendimethalin				
PENDULUM 2G	1.7-3.4 lb. of 2G	1.5-3	Crabgrass, goosegrass, annual bluegrass, chickweed, henbit	Apply the high rate to all warm-season grasses and the low rate to all cool-season grasses. A late summer application at the low rate will control annual bluegrass and the other winter annuals. Apply prior to weed seed germination. DO NOT reseed, sprig, or sod with new grass or seed until 4 to 5 months after treatment.
PENDULUM 3.3EC	1.8-2.6 fl.oz. of 3.3EC	1.5-3		
PENDULUM AQUACAP	1.12-2.3 fl.oz. of 3.8CS	1.5-3		
prodiamine				
BARRICADE 65WDG	0.4 oz. of 65WDG	0.75	Crabgrass, annual bluegrass, chickweed, spurge, goosegrass	Provides preemergence control of annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds in established turfgrasses. See label for maximum use rate per season. DO NOT make more than two applications per season. See overseeding restrictions on label (3-18 months).
BARRICADE 4FL	0.5 fl.oz. of 4LF	0.75		
STONEWALL 60WDG	0.4 oz. of 65WDG	0.75		
PROCLIPSE 65WDG	0.4 oz. of 65 WDG	0.75		
pronamide				
KERB T/O	0.75-1.5 T. of 50WSP	0.5-1	Annual bluegrass, other cool-season grasses, and broadleaf weeds	For use on warm-season turfgrasses listed on label. Apply in October or November when annual bluegrass begins to germinate or is in the 1- to 2-leaf stage. CAUTION: Kerb moves with surface water. DO NOT use on golf putting greens or lawns and other turf areas to be overseeded. Excessive rate will cause injury. Irrigate after application. DO NOT overseed within 90 days of application. Kerb is a RESTRICTED USE pesticide.
simazine				
PRINCEP LIQUID	0.75-1.5 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal.	1-2	Annual bluegrass, burclover, henbit, other annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	For use ONLY on warm-season turfgrasses listed on label. Apply after September 1 for control of winter weeds or during late winter but before germination for control of summer annual weeds. DO NOT apply after June 1. Use the low rate on newly sprigged turfgrass, on hybrid bermudagrass, or for the control of annual bluegrass. DO NOT make more than two applications per year. DO NOT use on alkaline soils or on golf greens. Read label carefully before using this product around trees and ornamentals. DO NOT overseed for 6 months after application.
SIMAZINE 90DF	0.4-0.8 oz. of 90DF	1-2		
sulfentrazone + prodiamine				
ECHELON 4SC	0.4-0.83 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal.	0.56-1.12	Many annual grasses, some broadleaf weeds, annual sedges, yellow nutsedge	For use in established tall fescue, Kentucky bluegrass, centipede, bermudagrass, and zoysiagrass. High rate only for use on bermudagrass. DO NOT apply to newly laid sod. DO NOT add surfactant. DO NOT apply to putting greens.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
SOD PRODUCTION ONLY				
Preemergence				
simazine				
PRINCEP LIQUID	0.75-1.5 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal.	1-2	Many annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	For use on centipedegrass and St. Augustinegrass. DO NOT apply to actively growing bermudagrass. Apply within 2 days after lifting sod or on new beds 7 to 10 days after sprigging or plugging. The soil should be well settled around sprigs and plugs before applying herbicide. Use low rate on sandy soils and/or on bermudagrass. Apply in fall for winter weed control and in spring for summer weed control. DO NOT apply within 30 days of harvesting sod. DO NOT apply to cool-season turfgrasses.
SIMAZINE 90DF	0.4-0.8 oz. of 90DF	1-2		
Postemergence				
clethodim				
ENVOY PLUS	0.4-0.8 fl.oz. of 0.97 lb./gal.	0.125-0.25	Common bermudagrass	FOR SOD FARMS ONLY. Apply to centipedegrass in the spring at least 3 weeks after green-up to actively growing common bermudagrass. Two applications will be necessary for control. Make second application 3 to 4 weeks after first when there is 1 to 2 inches of bermudagrass regrowth. Use high rate on patches of well-established common bermudagrass. Avoid mowing sod for one week before or after application. Always add a non-ionic surfactant to spray mix at rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons. State Label.

POSTEMERGENCE

ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS AND/OR ZOYSIAGRASS

Spray when weeds are actively growing, preferably when weeds are in the seedling stage. Postemergence herbicide applications should be made in 30 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Control may be greatly increased by using a non-ionic surfactant at 0.5 percent of spray solution (1 pint per 25 gallons).

Air temperature in the 80-degree range for MSMA and DSMA and the 70-degree range for 2,4-D and dicamba is

advisable. For sensitive grasses or for grasses growing under stress conditions (such as grasses growing in shady areas, on golf greens, or in drought situations), the lowest effective rate should be applied in split applications. Two applications should be made 10 to 14 days apart with each application using one-half of the lowest effective rate.

Table 3. Herbicide Postemergence Recommendations for Warm-Season Grasses

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS AND/OR ZOYSIAGRASS				
Postemergence				
2,4-D amine				
AMINE 4 WEEDAR 64 (Other trade names)	0.375-0.75 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (1-2 pt./A)	0.5-1	Many broadleaf weeds, dandelion, dock, plantains, certain clovers	Apply when weeds are young and actively growing. Repeat applications may be necessary. Use low pressure—25 psi. Avoid spray drift to susceptible flowers and shrubs. Use lower rate on Tifgreen and Tifdwarf bermudagrass. DO NOT allow people (other than applicator) or pets to enter treatment areas until sprays have dried. Refer to label for instructions on adding a surfactant.
2,4-D amine				
AMINE 4 WEEDAR 64 (Other trade names)	1.5 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (2 qt./A)	2	Wild onion and garlic	Same as 2,4-D amine above. Apply in November or December and again in February or early March. Repeat applications on this cycle for 2 to 5 years. Use of ester formulations usually causes more problems when drift occurs.
2,4-D + clopyralid + dicamba				
MILLENNIUM ULTRA 2	0.73-1.1 fl.oz. of 3.75 lb./gal. (2-3 pt./A)	0.75-1.12 + 0.09-0.14 + 0.09-0.14	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	For use on common bermudagrass and zoysiagrass. When treating grass growing under stress conditions, use half rates. Slight turf yellowing will disappear after one week. To minimize turf injury, a second application should not be made for at least 4 weeks. DO NOT spray when air temperature exceeds 90°F. DO NOT reseed for 3 to 4 weeks after application. DO NOT use on residential lawn areas. DO NOT compost treated lawn clippings. Read label before use.
2,4-D + dicamba + fluroxypyr				
ESCALADE 2	0.75-1.1 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (2-3 pt./A)	0.8-1.2 + 0.1-0.15 + 0.1-0.15	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Apply to actively growing established bermudagrass and zoysiagrass. Use low rate on closely mowed turf or to turf under stress. Some turf yellowing can be expected. To minimize grass injury, retreatment should not occur until later than 4 weeks after initial treatment. See label for reduced rate and timings of use on sod farms.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS AND/OR ZOYSIAGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
2,4-D + mecoprop + 2,4-DP TRIAMINE	See label.	See label.	Broad spectrum of weeds	For use on zoysiagrass and common bermudagrass only. DO NOT spray when air temperatures exceed 85°F or when turfgrass is growing under stress conditions. Delay reseeding for 4 weeks after treatment. Avoid applications when turfgrass is emerging from winter dormancy.
2,4-D + mecoprop + dicamba TRIMEC CLASSIC TRIPLET SF	Follow label directions on Trimec or equivalent.	0.8-1 lb. *See Special Instructions.	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds, including wild onion or garlic	*Special Instructions: DO NOT apply more than 0.8-1 pound of 2,4-D from any formulation. DO NOT apply when day temperature exceeds 85°F. DO NOT use within drip line of trees or shrubs. Observe precautions for each component part. Excellent herbicide for broad spectrum weed control.
2,4-D + MCPP + dicamba + carfentrazone SPEEDZONE SOUTHERN	0.75-1.5 fl.oz. of 0.81 lb./gal. (2-4 pt./A)	0.13-0.26 + 0.05-0.1 + 0.012-0.025 + 0.01-0.02		Controls a number of broadleaf weeds, including spurge and ground ivy. Apply when day temperatures are between 60 and 85°F. May be applied 4 weeks after sprigging or sodding turfgrass.
2,4-D + MCPP + dicamba + sulfentrazone SURGE	1-1.2 fl.oz. of 2.18 lb./gal. (2.75-3.25 pt./A)	0.47-0.57 + 0.17-0.2 + 0.07-0.09 + 0.01-0.02	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Apply to established turfgrass or to turfgrass that has been sprigged or sodded for at least 4 weeks. Sequential broadcast treatments can be made 2 to 6 weeks later depending on weed growth. Do not treat turfgrass during spring or fall transition. Fully dormant turfgrass can be treated for winter weeds.
2,4-D + quinclorac + dicamba QUINCEPT	2.6-2.9 fl.oz. of 1.875 lb./gal (7-8 pt./A).	1.6-1.8	Crabgrass, signalgrass	Apply to bermudagrass or zoysia to control a few seedling grasses and many broadleaf weeds. Use lower rate on these grasses. DO NOT apply when temperatures exceed 90°F or when turf is stressed. Temporary discoloration may be observed.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS AND/OR ZOYSIAGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
bentazon				
BASAGRAN T/O	0.75 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (2 pt./A)	1	Yellow nutsedge	Apply when yellow nutsedge is actively growing under good moisture conditions. Make additional applications at intervals of 10 to 14 days until nutsedge is eliminated. DO NOT make more than three applications in a single growing season. Avoid spraying adjacent trees, shrubs, and flowers. DO NOT mow 3 to 5 days before or after application. Purple nutsedge will not be controlled by this treatment. Add a crop oil concentrate to the spray mix at a rate of 2 pints per acre when making application to yellow nutsedge.
bromoxynil				
BUCTRIL 2EC	0.375-0.75 fl.oz. of 2 lb./gal. (1-2 pt./A)	0.25-0.5	Many seedling broadleaf weeds	FOR NON-RESIDENTIAL TURF AND SOD PRODUCTION ONLY. Apply to newly seeded, sprigged, or established bermudagrass and zoysiagrass to control seedling broadleaf weeds. Weeds must be actively growing, and good spray coverage is essential. Apply in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in 2 to 4 gallons of water per 1000 square feet.
carfentrazone				
QUICKSILVER T&O	0.023-0.048 fl.oz. of 1.9 lb./gal. (1-2.1 oz./A)	0.015-0.03	Numerous seedling broadleaf weeds	To expand the weed spectrum, QuickSilver may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D, 2,4-DP, and/or dicamba. Add a non-ionic surfactant at the rate of 1 to 2 pints surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix. See AIM herbicide label for use on sod farms.
carfentrazone + quinclorac				
SQUARE ONE 70WDG	0.0275-0.0413 of 70WDG (0.75-1.12 lb./A)	0.53-0.79	Wide spectrum of broadleaf weeds, some sedges and grasses	Use only on established bermudagrass and zoysiagrass not growing under stress. See label for surfactant and rate to use for sedge control.
chlorsulfuron				
CORSAIR 75 WDG	0.06-0.12 oz. of 75 WDG (0.16-0.32 lb./A)	0.13-0.25	Tall fescue, wild violet	Apply as a postemergence spot treatment to tall fescue plants in bermudagrass using a hand-held or boom sprayer. Spray ONLY to wet the tall fescue blades. Avoid overapplication. Repeat treatment may be needed in 60 days. DO NOT apply under desirable trees. Add a non-ionic surfactant to spray mix at rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray mix.
clopyralid				
LONTREL T&O	0.1-0.5 fl.oz. of 3 lb./gal. (0.25-1.33 pt./A)	0.09-0.5	Clovers, black medic, dandelions, vetch, other broadleaf weeds	See label for specific rate for target pest. Can cause injury to desirable legumes and composite species. DO NOT apply to residential lawn areas. DO NOT compost treated lawn clippings. DO NOT irrigate for at least 2 hours after application.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS AND/OR ZOYSIAGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
dicamba				
VANQUISH 4S	0.16-0.32 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (0.5-1 pt./A)	0.25-0.5	Most broadleaf weeds, including wild onions	DO NOT use around shrubs or trees. Roots take up the chemical from the soil and some species are damaged. Good for use on golf tees, fairways, and roughs. DO NOT exceed a total of 1 pound a.i. per acre per year.
diclofop-methyl				
ILLOXAN 3EC	0.75-1 fl.oz. of 3 lb./gal. (1-1.4 qt./A)	0.75-1	Goosegrass	Use ONLY on bermudagrass on golf courses. A non-ionic surfactant can be added at the rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons of spray mix to improve control of goosegrass growing under adverse conditions. Use the low rate when treating goosegrass in the 1- to 3-leaf stage and the high rate when treating goosegrass in the 1-tiller stage. Make application using 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre at 30 to 60 psi using flat fan nozzle spray tips. Application should result in a uniform spray pattern with minimum overlap. Illoxan is most effective on closely mowed goosegrass (not less than 0.33 inch cutting height). DO NOT mow for 36 hours after application. DO NOT apply with any other pesticide or liquid fertilizer. DO NOT overseed treated area for 3 months after application. DO NOT apply more than 65 ounces of Illoxan per acre per year. Illoxan is a RESTRICTED USE pesticide.
diquat dibromide				
REWARD L&A	0.33-0.67 fl.oz. of 2 lb./gal. (1-2 pt./A)	0.25-0.5	Annual bluegrass, Carolina geranium, henbit, little barley	APPLY TO DORMANT BERMUDAGRASS ONLY. Apply to small, actively growing weeds in established turf. DO NOT apply during "green up" in spring. Add 1 to 2 pints of a non-ionic surfactant to every 100 gallons of spray mix.
ethofumesate				
PROGRASS 1.5	2-3 fl.oz. of 1.5 lb./gal. (5.4-5.9 pt./A)	1-1.1	Annual bluegrass, common chickweed	Use ONLY on dormant bermudagrass overseeded with perennial ryegrass. Apply in fall after bermudagrass is dormant and 1 to 2 weeks after emergence of perennial ryegrass. One or two additional applications at 21- to 28-day intervals may be needed to maintain control during the winter. Provides postemergence and preemergence control of listed weeds. DO NOT apply after February 1. DO NOT use on golf greens.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS AND/OR ZOYSIAGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
fenoxaprop ACCLAIM EXTRA	0.33-0.66 fl.oz. of 0.57 lb./gal. (13-28 oz./A)	0.06-0.125	Crabgrass, goosegrass, barnyardgrass, johnsongrass, and common bermudagrass	FOR NEWLY PLUGGED OR ESTABLISHED ZOYSIAGRASS ONLY. Apply in late spring or early summer to actively growing weedy grasses in the 3-leaf (low rate) to 5-tiller (high rate) growth stage. Apply using 30 to 60 gallons of water per acre at 30 to 60 psi. Add a non-ionic surfactant (1 quart per 100 gallons) if using a spray pressure less than 30 psi or when spray volumes are larger than 60 gallons per acre. Make no more than three applications per season at spray intervals greater than 14 days. Tank-mixing Acclaim with phenoxy or related herbicides will reduce grass control on larger (tillered) grasses. Acclaim will not control annual bluegrass.
fluroxypyr SPOTLIGHT	0.25-0.5 fl. oz. of 1.5 lb./gal. (0.67-1.33 pt./A)	0.125-0.25	Bedstraw, chickweed, Virginia buttonweed, clover, woodsorrel, ground ivy	Apply postemergence to established bermudagrass and zoysiagrass to control a number of annual and perennial broadleaf weeds. Use the low rate on bermudagrass. Repeat treatment can be made 4 weeks after previous treatment. Do not apply more than 2.5 pints per acre per year. See label concerning need for addition of non-ionic surfactant.
fluazifop FUSILADE II T/O	0.07-0.11 fl.oz. of 2 lb./gal. (3-6 oz./A)	0.05-0.10	Common and hybrid bermudagrass	Apply to zoysia in late spring (around June 1) and repeat every 30 days. Higher rate can be used during hot summer applications, and lower rates can be used in fall before dormancy. Add 1 quart of non-ionic surfactant to every 100 gallons of spray mix. Higher use rates may cause temporary zoysia discoloration. For use on zoysia turf except commercial sod farms.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS AND/OR ZOYSIAGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
foramsulfuron REVOLVER	0.2-0.6 fl.oz. of 0.19 lb./gal. (8.8-26.2 oz./A)	0.013-0.04	Annual bluegrass, ryegrass, fescue (tall), rough bluegrass (<i>Poa trivialis</i>), goosegrass	May be applied to established bermudagrass to (a) remove ryegrass and annual bluegrass during spring transition; (b) control annual bluegrass before overseeding bermudagrass with perennial ryegrass or <i>Poa trivialis</i> ; or (c) control annual bluegrass, tall fescue, ryegrass, and other cool-season grasses in non-overseeded bermudagrass. Apply during transition when bermudagrass has resumed active growth. Rate and temperature will influence speed of weed removal. Apply 14 days prior to overseeding to control annual bluegrass. See label for directions for use on bermudagrass greens, tees, and collars. Revolver may also be used on <i>Meyer zoysiagrass</i> . Use high rate for goosegrass control and centipedegrass suppression.
glufosinate FINALE 1.0	2.2-4.4 fl.oz. of 1 lb./gal.	0.75-1.5	Annual bluegrass, ryegrass, wild onion, woodsorrel	DORMANT ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS. Controls numerous winter annual broadleaf weeds and annual bluegrass. Treat when weeds are small and actively growing. Do not apply to spring green up.
halosulfuron SEDGEHAMMER 75DF	0.015-0.03 oz. of 75DF (0.67-1.33 oz./A)	0.031- 0.062	Yellow nutsedge, purple nutsedge	Apply to established bermudagrass and zoysiagrass. Apply after nutsedge has reached 3- to 8-leaf stage. Apply 2 quarts of non-ionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix, but DO NOT exceed 2 pints of surfactant per acre. A second application can be made 6 to 10 weeks later when nutsedge has three to eight leaves. DO NOT make more than two applications or apply more than 0.125 pound a.i. per acre. DO NOT apply to golf course putting greens.
imazaquin IMAGE 70DG	0.2-0.26 oz. of 70DG (8.6-11.4 oz./A)	0.375-0.5	Wild garlic, wild onion, nutsedge, sandbur, henbit, chickweed	Apply to well-established, actively growing turf when weeds are small. Add non-ionic surfactant to the spray solution at the rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons. A repeat treatment may be needed in 6 to 8 weeks for season-long control. DO NOT apply when turfgrass is emerging from dormancy. Image will severely damage fescue and ryegrass.
MCPA + MCPP + 2,4-DP TRIAMINE II	See label.	See label.	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	For zoysiagrass ONLY . Refer to appropriate label for use rate. DO NOT use when air temperature is above 90°F. Delay reseeding for 4 weeks after treatment.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS AND/OR ZOYSIAGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
MCPA + MCPP + dicamba				
TRI-POWER	See label.	See label.	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Refer to appropriate label for use rate. DO NOT apply during green-up growth stage. DO NOT apply when air temperature exceeds 85°F. Delay reseeding for 3 to 4 weeks after treatment.
MCPA + MCPP + dicamba + carfentrazone				
POWER ZONE	0.75-1.5 fl.oz. of 2.91 lb./gal. (2-4 pt./A)	0.55-1.1+ 0.11-0.22 + 0.055-0.11 + 0.01- 0.02		Controls a number of broadleaf weeds including spurge and ground ivy. Apply when day temperatures are between 45 and 75°F. May be applied 4 weeks after sprigging or sodding turfgrass.
MCPA + triclopyr + dicamba				
COOL POWER	0.91-1.29 fl.oz. of 3.6 lb./gal. (2.5-3.5 pt./A)	0.94-1.31 + 0.09-0.13 + 0.09-0.13	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Read the label. When treating dormant turf, use higher rate. When treating actively growing turf, use low rate. Turf injury will occur if application is made when turf is under stress. DO NOT reseed sooner than 3 to 4 weeks after application. DO NOT spray when air temperature is above 85°F. Cool Power contains the ester formulations primarily for use during the cool winter months.
HORSEPOWER	0.73-1.1 fl.oz. of 4.4 lb./gal. (2-3 pt./A)	0.95-1.4 + 0.09-0.14 + 0.09-0.14		
MSMA*				
MSMA PLUS H.C. Other products	0.92-1 fl.oz. of 6 lb./gal. (2.5-2.67 pt.)	1.8-2	Crabgrass, dallisgrass, bahiagrass, goosegrass (seedling), nutsedge	Mow turfgrass to a height of 1 to 1.5 inches before application. Repeat applications at 7- to 10-day intervals are necessary. For dallisgrass and bahiagrass control, repeat applications on a 5-day interval (sod farms). Adequate soil moisture gives best results. DO NOT water for 24 hours after application. Use on new plantings after several mowings. Zoysiagrass cultivars vary in tolerance to MSMA. "Meyer" is more tolerant than "Emerald" or "Matrella." DO NOT use on carpetgrass, centipedegrass, or St. Augustinegrass.

***NOTE:** Effective December 31, 2009, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) announced the cancellation for sale for many of the labeled uses of MSMA (monosodium methanarsonate), which includes residential turfgrass. Existing quantities of labeled MSMA products can be used in residential turf (as labeled) until supply is exhausted. No use of MSMA in residential turf will be permitted after December 31, 2010. After this date, the few remaining uses will be greatly modified and limited to golf courses and sod farms through December 31, 2013. Golf courses will be allowed to make one broadcast application of MSMA on newly constructed courses. Existing courses will be limited to spot treatment (100 square feet per spot) but not to exceed 25 percent of the total course in one year. Sod farms will be permitted to make two broadcast applications if a 25-foot buffer strip is maintained adjacent to water bodies.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS AND/OR ZOYSIAGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
metribuzin				
SENCOR 75TURF	See label for rate to use.	0.25-0.5	Goosegrass	For use on established bermudagrass on golf course fairways, grounds, and lawns. Make application when turf is actively growing and not under stress conditions for postemergence control of goosegrass. Temporary discoloration of turf may result. See label for directions and rates for use on dormant bermudagrass. An application to dormant turf can provide postemergence control of henbit, common chickweed, and spurweed.
metsulfuron methyl				
MANOR 60WDG BLADE 60 WDG	0.005-0.02 oz. of 60 WDG (0.25-1 oz./A)	0.009-0.0375	Bahiagrass, clover, chickweed, dandelion, spurge, wild garlic	Apply as a postemergence treatment to control target weeds. Add a non-ionic surfactant to spray mix at the rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray mix. Use the low to medium rate to control many broadleaf weeds, but use the higher rate to control bahiagrass.
quinclorac				
DRIVE 75DF	0.367 oz. of 75DF (1 lb./A)	0.75	Torpedograss suppression	Requires two applications each year. DO NOT apply more than 1.5 pounds a.i. per acre per year. Must be applied with a methylated seed oil at a rate of 1.5 pints per acre to spray mix. DO NOT apply within root zone of ornamentals.
DRIVE XLR8	1.45 fl.oz. of 1.5 lb./gal. (4 pt./A)	0.75		
quinclorac + MCPP + dicamba				
ONETIME	1.45 fl.oz. of 2.45 lb./gal. (4 pt./A)	0.75 + 0.35 + 0.10	Crabgrass, signalgrass, dandelions, clover, others	Apply to bermudagrass or zoysia to control few grasses and many broadleaf weeds. DO NOT apply more than two times per year. DO NOT apply when temperature is above 90°F.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS AND/OR ZOYSIAGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
rimsulfuron				
TRANXIT GTA	1.3 g of 25DF (2 oz./A)	0.031	Annual bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, rough bluegrass (<i>Poa trivialis</i>)	Use on established bermudagrass ONLY . DO NOT apply to residential lawns. To control annual bluegrass in non-overseeded bermudagrass, apply 2 ounces per acre in November/December and again in February/March. If annual bluegrass population is heavy and plants are large, a single application of 4 ounces per acre can be made. Add a non-ionic surfactant with each application at the rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray mix. To control perennial ryegrass and rough bluegrass overseeded in bermudagrass, apply Tranxit at a rate of 2 ounces per acre in the spring three to four weeks before the desired date for overseed removal. Add a non-ionic surfactant to the spray mix at a rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons. Repeat treatment in 3 weeks, if needed. See label for use on putting greens. See label for use on zoysia.
sulfentrazone				
DISMISS 4SC	0.18-0.275 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (0.5-0.75 pt./A)	0.25-0.375	Nutsedges, annual sedges, wide spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Apply to established turfgrass or sodded or seeded turfgrasses after the second mowing. See label for instructions on sedge control.
SPARTAN 4F	0.09-0.275 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (0.25-0.75 pt./A)	0.125-0.375		
sulfentrazone + metsulfuron				
BLINDSIDE 66WDG	0.15-0.23 oz. of 66WDG (6.5-10 oz./A)	0.27-0.41	Wide spectrum of broadleaf weeds, some sedges and grasses	Use only on established bermudagrass and zoysiagrass not growing under stress. See label for surfactant and rate to use for sedge control.
sulfentrazone + quinclorac				
SOLITAIRE 75WDG	0.37-0.74 oz. of 75WDG (1-2 lb./A)	0.75-1.5	Wide spectrum of broadleaf weeds, some sedges and grasses	Use only on established bermudagrass and zoysiagrass not growing under stress. See label for surfactant and rate to use for sedge control.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS AND/OR ZOYSIAGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
sulfosulfuron CERTAINTY	0.017-0.029 oz. of 75DF (0.75-1.25 oz./A)	0.035-0.059	Yellow nutsedge, purple nutsedge, annual sedges, tall fescue	Apply postemergence to established bermudagrass and zoysiagrass to control listed weeds and other broadleaf weeds. A second application can be made 4 to 10 weeks after the initial treatment if needed. Add a non-ionic surfactant to spray mix at rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray mix. Some turf yellowing can be expected. Certainty can be applied to dormant or actively growing bermudagrass (not overseeded) to control annual bluegrass. Use higher rate if annual bluegrass is heavy or dense. See label for fall application or for bermudagrass application prior to overseeding.
triclopyr + clopyralid CONFRONT	0.37-0.75 fl.oz. of 3 lb./gal. (1-2 pt./A)	0.375-0.75	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Apply to established bermudagrass and zoysiagrass mowed to a height taller than 0.5 inch. DO NOT apply in areas of shallow-rooted trees and shrubs. DO NOT apply more than 1.5 pounds a.i. (4 pints) per acre per year. Repeat treatments to control wild violets and woodsorrel. Some discoloration may be seen on hybrid bermudagrass. DO NOT reseed for 3 weeks after application. DO NOT apply to residential lawn areas. DO NOT compost treated lawn clippings.
trifloxysulfuron-sodium MONUMENT 75WG	0.007-0.013 oz. of 75WG (0.35-0.53 oz./A)	0.015-0.026	Annual bluegrass, ryegrass, nutsedge, tall fescue, signalgrass, spurge, green kyllinga, clover	May be used in established bermudagrass and zoysiagrass. DO NOT apply to residential lawns. Add a non-ionic surfactant at the rate of 1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons of spray mix. Control may not occur for up to 4 weeks after treatment. Repeat treatment may be necessary on difficult weeds in 4 to 6 weeks. At reduced rates (see label), Monument may be used to remove overseeded perennial ryegrass and <i>Poa trivialis</i> from bermudagrass during spring transition.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS AND/OR ZOYSIAGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
bispyribac-sodium VELOCITY SG	0.14 oz. of 17.6 SG (6 oz./A)	0.066	Annual bluegrass	Apply to established bermudagrass overseeded with perennial ryegrass on golf course fairways. Apply between February 1 and March 15 to bermudagrass overseeded the previous fall with perennial ryegrass for annual bluegrass control and seedhead suppression. Earlier or later application may decrease efficacy or increase risk of ryegrass injury. The first application should be made just as soon as annual bluegrass seedheads begin to emerge. Make a second application at the same rate 14 to 21 days after the first application. DO NOT apply if air temperatures are less than 50°F or if maximum temperatures are expected to be less than 50°F for the first 3 days after treatment. Not recommended for applications above 80°F or when air temperatures are expected to exceed 80°F for the first 3 days after treatment. DO NOT apply to golf course greens, non-overseeded bermudagrass, or to ryegrass mowed less than 0.38 inch.

ESTABLISHED CENTIPEDEGRASS AND/OR ST. AUGUSTINEGRASS

Spray when weeds are actively growing, preferably when they are in seedling stage. Postemergence herbicides should be applied in 30 to 40 gallons of water per acre. A non-ionic surfactant at 0.5 percent of the spray solution (1 pint per 25 gallons) greatly increases control. Air temperatures in the 70-degree range are advisable. Application during dormancy

will minimize turf damage. For the sensitive grasses or for grasses growing under stress conditions (such as those growing in shade or in drought situations), use the lowest effective rate in split applications. Make two applications 10 to 14 days apart with each application using one-half of the lowest effective rate.

Table 3. Herbicide Postemergence Recommendations for Warm-Season Grasses (cont.)

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED CENTIPEDEGRASS AND/OR ST. AUGUSTINEGRASS				
Postemergence				
2,4-D + mecoprop + 2,4-DP TRIAMINE	See label.	See label.	Broad spectrum of weeds	DO NOT spray when air temperatures exceed 90°F or when turfgrass is growing under stress conditions. Delay reseeding for 4 weeks after treatment. Avoid applications when turfgrass is emerging from winter dormancy.
2,4-D + mecoprop + dicamba TRIMEC FOR BENTGRASS	2-3 T. of 0.5 + 1.5 + 0.2 lb./gal. (3-4 pt./A)	0.17 + 0.55 + 0.07	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Read label. DO NOT overdose or apply during hot summer months. Repeat after 3 weeks if necessary. Spraying while grass is dormant reduces possibility of injury. Temperature should be above 70°F, but below 85°F.
2,4-D + MCPA + dicamba + carfentrazone SPEEDZONE SOUTHERN	See label.	See label.	Chickweed, clover, dollarweed, henbit, ground ivy, oxalis, spurge, red sorrel	Apply only to centipedegrass and common St. Augustinegrass. Controls a number of broadleaf weeds. May be applied as a single broadcast treatment or as sequential treatments with a 2- to 6-week time interval. DO NOT apply when day temperatures are below 50°F or above 85°F. May be applied to newly seeded areas after the second mowing or 4 weeks after sodding, sprigging, or plugging. DO NOT apply this product to Floratam, Bitterblue, or other improved varieties of St. Augustinegrass.
bentazon BASAGRAN T/O	1.5 T. of 4 lb./gal. (2 pt./A)	1	Yellow nutsedge	Apply when yellow nutsedge is actively growing under good moisture conditions. Make additional applications at intervals of 10 to 14 days until nutsedge is eliminated. DO NOT make more than three applications in a single growing season. Avoid spraying adjacent trees, shrubs, and flowers. DO NOT mow 3 to 5 days before or after application. Purple nutsedge will not be controlled by this treatment. Add a crop oil concentrate to spray mix at a rate of 2 pints per acre when making application to yellow nutsedge.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED CENTIPEDEGRASS AND/OR ST. AUGUSTINEGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
bromoxynil BUCTRIL 2E	0.375-0.75 fl.oz. of 2 lb./gal. (1-2 pt./A)	0.25-0.5	Many seedling broadleaf weeds	FOR NON-RESIDENTIAL TURF AND SOD PRODUCTION ONLY. Apply to established St. Augustinegrass to control seedling broadleaf weeds. Weeds must be actively growing, and good spray coverage is essential. Apply in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in 0.5 to 1 gallon of water per 1000 square feet.
carfentrazone QUICKSILVER T&O	0.023-0.048 fl.oz. of 1.9 lb./gal. (1-2.1 oz./A)	0.015-0.03	Numerous seedling broadleaf weeds	To expand the weed spectrum, QuickSilver may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D, 2,4-DP, and/or dicamba. Add a non-ionic surfactant at the rate of 1 to 2 pints surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix.
carfentrazone + quinclorac SQUARE ONE 70WDG	0.0275-0.0413 of 70WDG (0.75-1.12 lb./A)	0.53-0.79	Wide spectrum of broadleaf weeds, some sedges and grasses	Use only on established centipedegrass and St Augustinegrass not growing under stress. See label for surfactant and rate to use for sedge control.
clethodim ENVOY PLUS	0.4-0.8 fl.oz. of 0.97 lb./gal. (17-34 oz./A)	0.125- 0.25	Common bermudagrass	Use only on centipedegrass grown on sod farms. Add a non-ionic surfactant at rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray mix. Two applications will be necessary for control. Make second application 3 to 4 weeks after the initial treatment when new growth (regrowth) is 1 to 2 inches tall. Use the high rate when treating established bermudagrass. Avoid mowing sod for one week before and after applications. DO NOT apply until 3 weeks after 100-percent green-up of centipedegrass in spring.
clopyralid LONTREL T&O	0.1-0.5 fl.oz. of 3 lb./gal. (0.25-1.33 pt.)	0.09-0.5	Clovers, black medic, dandelions, vetch, other broadleaf weeds	See label for specific rates for target pests. Can cause injury to desirable legumes and composite species. DO NOT irrigate for at least 2 hours after application. DO NOT apply to residential lawn areas. DO NOT compost treated lawn clippings.
dicamba VANQUISH 4S	0.16-0.33 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (0.5-1 pt.)	0.25-0.5	Many broadleaf weeds	Apply to established centipedegrass only. DO NOT use within drip line of trees or shrubs. Follow label directions. Make only one application per year.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED CENTIPEDEGRASS AND/OR ST. AUGUSTINEGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
fluroxypyr				
SPOTLIGHT	0.25-0.5 fl. oz. of 1.5 lb./gal. (0.67-1.33 pt./A)	0.125-0.25	Bedstraw, chickweed, Virginia buttonweed, clover, woodsorrel, ground ivy	Apply postemergence to established centipede grass and St. Augustine grass to control a number of annual and perennial broadleaf weeds. Use low rate on St. Augustine grass. Repeat treatment can be made 4 weeks after previous treatment. Do not apply more than 2.5 pints per acre per year. See label concerning need for addition of non-ionic surfactant.
halosulfuron				
SEDGEHAMMER 75DF	0.015-0.03 oz. of 75DF (0.67-1.33 oz./A)	0.031-0.062	Yellow nutsedge, purple nutsedge	Apply to established centipede grass and St. Augustine grass. Apply after nutsedge has reached 3- to 8-leaf stage. Apply 2 quarts of non-ionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix, but DO NOT exceed 2 pints of surfactant per acre. A second application can be made 6 to 10 weeks after the first one when nutsedge has three to eight leaves. DO NOT make more than two applications or apply more than 0.125 pound a.i. per acre.
imazaquin				
IMAGE 70DG	0.2-0.26 oz. of 70DG (8.6-11.4 oz./A)	0.375-0.5	Wild garlic, wild onion, nutsedge, sandbur, henbit, chickweed	Apply to well-established, actively growing turf when weeds are small. Add non-ionic surfactant to the spray solution at the rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons. A repeat treatment may be needed for season-long control. St. Augustine grass should not be mowed until 48 hours after application. DO NOT use on St. Augustine grass for winter weed control.
MCPA + MCPP + 2,4-DP				
TRIAMINE II	See label.	See label.	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Refer to appropriate label for use rate. DO NOT use when air temperature is above 85°F. Delay seeding for 4 weeks after treatment.
metsulfuron methyl				
MANOR 60WDG BLADE 60WDG	0.005-0.02 oz. of 60WDG (0.25-1 oz./A)	0.009-0.0375	Bahiagrass, clover, chickweed, dandelion, spurge, wild garlic	Apply as a postemergence treatment to control target weeds. DO NOT apply more than 0.01 ounce of Manor per 1000 square feet to centipede grass. Some yellowing and stunting may be observed. Add a non-ionic surfactant to spray mix at the rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray mix. Use the low to medium rate (0.01 ounce per 1000 square feet) to control most broadleaf weeds and bahiagrass. Repeat treatment may be necessary in 4 to 6 weeks.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED CENTIPEDEGRASS AND/OR ST. AUGUSTINEGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
sethoxydim SEGMENT 1EC	0.55-0.77 fl.oz. of 1EC (1.5-2.25 pt./A)	0.18-0.28	Crabgrass	Apply to seedling and established centipede grass only, but no sooner than 3 weeks after spring green-up. Apply low rate to seedling centipede and high rate to established centipede. Make application before crabgrass is well established. DO NOT mow turf area for 7 days before or after application. DO NOT make more than two applications per season. DO NOT add additional additives.
sulfentrazone DISMISS 4SC	0.18-0.275 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (0.5-0.75 pt./A)	0.25-0.375	Nutsedges, annual sedges, wide spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Apply to established turfgrass. St. Augustinegrass may exhibit temporary discoloration. See label for instructions on sedge control.
sulfentrazone + metsulfuron BLINDSIDE 66WDG	0.15-0.23 oz. of 66WDG (6.5-10 oz./A)	0.27-0.41	Wide spectrum of broadleaf weeds, some sedges and grasses	Use only on established centipede grass and St. Augustinegrass not growing under stress. See label for surfactant and rate to use for sedge control.
sulfentrazone + quinclorac SOLITAIRE 75WDG	0.37-0.74 oz. of 75WDG (1-2 lb./A)	0.75-1.5	Wide spectrum of broadleaf weeds, some sedges and grasses	Use only on established centipede grass and St. Augustinegrass not growing under stress. See label for surfactant and rate to use for sedge control.
sulfosulfuron CERTAINTY	0.017-0.029 oz. of 75DF (0.75-1.25 oz./A)	0.035-0.059	Yellow nutsedge, purple nutsedge, annual sedges	Apply postemergence to established centipede grass and St. Augustinegrass to control listed sedges and broadleaf weeds. A second application can be made 4 to 10 weeks after the initial treatment if needed. Add a non-ionic surfactant to spray mix at rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray mix. Some turf yellowing or stunting can be expected. DO NOT exceed 2.66 ounces per acre per year.
triclopyr + clopyralid CONFRONT	0.37-0.75 fl.oz. of 3 lb./gal. (1-2 pt./A)	0.375-0.75	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Apply to established centipede grass only. DO NOT apply in areas of shallow-rooted trees and shrubs. DO NOT apply more than 1.5 pounds a.i. per year. Repeat treatments to control wild violets and woodsorrel. DO NOT use on residential lawn areas. DO NOT compost treated lawn clippings.

Table 4. Herbicide Postemergence Recommendations for Cool-Season Grasses

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, FESCUES, AND RYEGRASS				
Postemergence				
2,4-D + clopyralid + dicamba				
MILLENNIUM ULTRA 2	0.73-1.1 fl.oz. of 3.75 lb./gal. (2-3 pt./A)	0.75-1.12 + 0.09- 0.14 + 0.09-0.14	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Read the label. When treating grass growing under stress conditions, use half rates. Slight yellowing of turf will disappear after one week. To minimize turf injury, a second application should not be made for at least 4 weeks. DO NOT spray when air temperatures exceed 90°F. DO NOT reseed for 3 to 4 weeks after application. DO NOT apply to residential lawn areas. DO NOT compost treated lawn clippings.
2,4-D + dicamba + fluroxypyr				
ESCALADE 2	0.75-1.1 fl.oz. of 4.4 lb./gal. (2-3 pt./A)	0.8-1.2 + 0.1-0.15 + 0.2-0.3	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Apply to actively growing established fescue and Kentucky bluegrass. Use low rate on closely mowed turf or turf under stress. Some turf yellowing can be expected. To minimize grass injury, retreatment should not occur until later than 4 weeks after initial treatment. See label for reduced rate and timings of use on sod farms.
2,4-D + MCPP + dicamba				
TRIMEC CLASSIC (Other trade names)	Follow label directions on Trimec or equivalent.	*See Special Instructions.	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds including wild garlic and onion	*DO NOT apply more than 1 pound of 2,4-D per acre per application. DO NOT use within the dripline of trees or shrubs. Avoid spraying during long periods of dry or hot weather. Reseeding can occur 4 weeks after treatment. Make no more than two applications per year.
2,4-D + MCPP + dicamba + sulfentrazone				
SURGE	1.2-1.5 fl.oz. of 2.18 lb./gal. (3.25-4 pt./A)	0.57-0.7 + 0.2-0.25 + 0.09-0.11 + 0.02- 0.03	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Apply to established cool season perennial turfgrasses. Sequential broadcast treatment can be made 2 to 6 weeks later depending on weed growth. Make only two applications per year. DO NOT apply if air temperature exceeds 90°F.
2,4-D + quinclorac + dicamba				
QUINCEPT	2.6-2.9 fl.oz. of 1.875 lb./gal. (7-8 pt./A)	0.875-1 + 0.66-0.75 + 0.11- 0.125	Crabgrass, signalgrass, oxalis, clover, others	Apply to cool-season established turfgrass for control of seedling broadleaf weeds and suppression or control of few grasses. DO NOT apply when temperatures exceed 90°F or when turf is stressed.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, FESCUES, AND RYEGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
bentazon BASAGRAN T/O	0.75 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (2 pt./A)	1	Yellow nutsedge	Apply when yellow nutsedge is actively growing under good moisture conditions. Make additional applications at intervals of 10 to 14 days until nutsedge is eliminated. DO NOT make more than three applications in a single growing season. Avoid spraying adjacent trees, shrubs, and flowers. DO NOT mow 3 to 5 days before or after application. Purple nutsedge will not be controlled by this treatment. Add a crop oil concentrate to the spray mix at a rate of 2 pints per acre when making application to yellow nutsedge.
carfentrazone QUICKSILVER T&O	0.023-0.048 fl.oz. of 1.9 lb./gal. (1-2.1 oz./A)	0.015-0.03	Numerous seedling broadleaf weeds	To expand the weed spectrum, QuickSilver may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D, 2,4-DP, and dicamba. Add a non-ionic surfactant at the rate of 1 to 2 pints surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix.
chlorsulfuron CORSAIR 75WDG	0.06-0.12 oz. of 75WDG	0.13-0.25	Tall fescue, wild onion, wild violet	Apply as a postemergence spot treatment to established Kentucky bluegrass or fine fescue turf. Spray ONLY to wet the tall fescue blades. Avoid over-application. Repeat treatment may be needed in 60 days. DO NOT apply under desirable trees. Add a non-ionic surfactant to spray mix at rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray mix.
clopyralid LONTREL T&O	0.1-0.5 fl.oz. of 3 lb./gal. (0.25-1.33 pt.)	0.09-0.5	Black medic, clovers, dandelions, vetch, other broadleaf weeds	See label for specific rate for target pest. Can cause injury to desirable legumes and composite species. DO NOT irrigate for at least 2 hours after application. DO NOT apply to residential lawn areas. DO NOT compost treated lawn clippings.
ethofumesate PROGRASS 1.5E	2-4 fl.oz. of 1.5 lb./gal. (2.6-5.2 qt.)	1-2	Annual bluegrass, common chickweed	Use ONLY on established perennial ryegrass. Apply in early fall (September) about the time of annual bluegrass germination. One to two additional applications at 21- to 28-day intervals may be needed to maintain control. Provides postemergence and preemergence control of listed weeds. May be used during the establishment of perennial ryegrass. See label for additional instructions.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, FESCUES, AND RYEGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
fenoxaprop ACCLAIM EXTRA	0.33-0.83 fl.oz. of 0.57 lb./gal. (13-39 fl.oz./A)	0.06-0.17	Crabgrass, goosegrass, barnyardgrass, johnsongrass, common bermudagrass	Apply Acclaim in late spring or early summer to actively growing weedy grasses in the 3-leaf (low rate) to 5-tiller (high rate) growth stage. Apply with 30 to 60 gallons of water per acre at 30 to 60 psi. Add a non-ionic surfactant (1 quart per 100 gallons) if application is made using a spray pressure less than 30 psi or when spray volumes are larger than 60 gallons per acre. Spray intervals should be greater than 14 days. DO NOT apply more than 120 ounces per acre per year. Tank-mixing Acclaim with phenoxy or related herbicides will reduce grass control on larger (tillered) grasses. Acclaim will not control annual bluegrass.
halosulfuron SEDGEHAMMER 75DF	0.015-0.03 oz. of 75DF (0.67-1.33 oz./A)	0.031-0.062	Yellow nutsedge, purple nutsedge	Apply to established tall fescue, Kentucky bluegrass, and perennial ryegrass. Apply after nutsedge has reached 3- to 8-leaf stage. Apply 2 quarts of non-ionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix, but DO NOT exceed 2 pints of surfactant per acre. A second application can be made 6 to 10 weeks after the first one when nutsedge has three to eight leaves. DO NOT make more than two applications or apply more than 0.125 pound a.i. per acre.
MCPA + MCPP + dicamba TRI-POWER	See label.	See label.	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	For tall fescue and Kentucky bluegrass. Refer to appropriate label for use rates. DO NOT use when air temperature is above 85°F. Delay reseeding for 3 to 4 weeks after treatment.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, FESCUES, AND RYEGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
MCPA + triclopyr + dicamba				
COOL POWER	0.91-1.29 fl.oz. of 3.6 lb./gal. (2.5-3.5 pt./A)	0.94-1.31 + 0.09-0.13 + 0.09-0.13	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Read the label. When treating dormant turf, use higher rate. Turf injury will occur if application is made when turf is under stress. DO NOT reseed sooner than 3 to 4 weeks after application. DO NOT spray when air temperature is above 85°F. Cool Power contains the ester formulations primarily for use during the cool winter months.
HORSEPOWER	0.73-1.10 fl.oz. of 4.4 lb./gal. (2-3 pt./A)	0.95-1.4 + 0.09-0.14 + 0.09-0.14		
mesotrione				
TENACITY	0.11-0.18 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (0.31-0.5 pt./A)	0.16-0.25	Controls a few grasses and a number of broadleaf weeds. Aids with preemergence control of some weeds by other herbicides.	Apply to established cool-season turfgrasses. See label for application instructions for use during seeding. See label for reduced use rate for perennial ryegrass and fine fescues.
metsulfuron methyl				
MANOR 60WDG BLADE 60WDG	0.005-0.01 oz. of 60WDG (0.25-0.5 oz./A)	0.009-0.018	Bahiagrass, clover, chickweed, dandelion, spurge, wild garlic	Apply as a postemergence treatment to control target weeds in fine fescues and Kentucky bluegrass. DO NOT apply to tall fescue or ryegrass turf. Some yellowing and stunting may be observed in fine fescues and Kentucky bluegrass. Add a non-ionic surfactant to spray mix at the rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray mix. Repeat treatments may be necessary in 4 to 6 weeks.
quinclorac				
DRIVE 75 DF	0.367 oz. of 75DF (1 lb./A)	0.75	Torpedograss suppression	Requires two applications each year. DO NOT apply more than 1.5 pound a.i. per acre in one year. Must be applied with a methylated seed oil at rate of 1.5 pints per acre to spray mix. DO NOT apply within root zone of ornamentals.
DRIVE XLR8	1.45 fl.oz. of 1.5 lb./gal. (4 pt./A)	0.75		
quinclorac + MCPP + dicamba				
ONETIME	1.45 fl.oz. of 2.45 lb./gal. (4 pt./A)	0.75 + 0.35 + 0.10	Crabgrass, signalgrass, dandelions, clover, others	Apply to tall fescue and Kentucky bluegrass to control few grasses and many broadleaf weeds. DO NOT apply more than two times per year. DO NOT apply when temperature is above 90°F.
quinclorac + sulfentrazone + 2,4-D + dicamba				
Q4 PLUS TURF HERBICIDE	2.6-3 fl.oz. of 1.54 lb./gal. (7-8 pt./A)	0.44-0.5 + 0.05-0.06 + 0.77-0.88 + 0.09-0.10	Broadleaf weeds, few grasses; suppression of yellow nutsedge	Apply to established cool season perennial grasses. Sequential treatment can be made 14 to 21 days after initial application. Make only two applications per year. DO NOT apply if air temperature exceeds 90°F.

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
ESTABLISHED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, FESCUES, AND RYEGRASS (cont.)				
Postemergence (cont.)				
sulfentrazone DISMISS 4SC	0.092-0.18 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (0.25-0.5 pt./A)	0.125-0.25	Nutsedges, annual sedges, wide spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Apply to established tall fescue and Kentucky bluegrass turfgrasses. See label for instructions on nutsedge control.
triclopyr + clopyralid CONFRONT	0.37-0.75 fl.oz. of 3 lb./gal. (1-2 pt./A)	0.375-0.75	Broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds	Apply to tall fescue, Kentucky bluegrass, and perennial ryegrass. Repeat treatments will be necessary to control wild violets and woodsorrel. Mow newly seeded turf two to three times before treatment. DO NOT water for 24 hours after applying. DO NOT apply to exposed roots of shallow-rooted trees and shrubs. DO NOT reseed for 3 weeks after application. DO NOT apply to residential lawn areas. DO NOT compost treated lawn clippings.

Table 5. Herbicide Postemergence Recommendations for Special Problems

Herbicide	Herbicide Rate		Weeds Controlled	Time of Application and Special Instructions
	Formulation per 1000 Square Feet	Lb. Active Ingredient per Acre		
glufosinate FINALE	2.2-4.4 fl.oz. of 1 lb./gal. (3-6 qt./A)	0.75-1.5	Most annual broadleaf weeds and grasses	Non-selective weed control around buildings, fencerows, parking lots, ditch banks, and other public areas.
glyphosate ROUNDUP PRO ROUNDUP ORIGINAL Generics	2-3 fl.oz. of 4 lb./gal. (3-4 qt./A)	3-4 (isopropyl-amine salt)	Most annual and perennial broadleaf and grass weeds such as bermudagrass, bahiagrass, johnsongrass, honeysuckle, kudzu, nutsedge, etc.	Non-selective weed control around buildings, fencerows, airports, parking areas, schools, parks, golf courses, and other public areas. Avoid drift to non-target plants. DO NOT use galvanized (zinc-coated) spray equipment. Weeds MUST be actively growing. Best results are obtained in mid to late summer. Control is slow. No residual activity. Refer to label for need and rate of surfactant.
paraquat GRAMOXONE INTEON 2.0	0.75-1.5 fl.oz. of 2 lb./gal. (2-4 pt./A)	0.5-1	Most annual broadleaf and grass weeds; top-kill of perennials	Non-selective weed control around buildings, fencerows, power plants, and other similar noncrop areas. This is a RESTRICTED USE pesticide. Avoid contact with foliage of ornamentals or other desirable plants. Add a non-ionic surfactant to spray mix at rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray mix.

Table 6. Estimated Control from Preemergence Herbicides^{1,2}

Weeds	HERBICIDES							
	atrazin e	benefin	bensulide	benefin + oryzalin	benefin + trifluralin	dithiopyr	isoxaben	metolachlor
Annual Bluegrass	G	G	G	G	G	E	N	F
Chickweed	E	N	F	F	G	---	E	---
Clovers	G	N	N	N	---	---	G	---
Crabgrass	F	G	E	E	G	E	N	G
Dandelion	---	N	N	N	N	---	G	N
Florida Betony	E	N	N	N	N	N	---	N
Goosegrass	F	F	F	F	G	G	---	F
Ground Ivy	G	N	N	N	N	N	---	N
Henbit	E	N	N	N	---	---	G	---
Lawn Burweed	G	N	N	N	N	N	---	---
Lespedeza	G	N	N	N	N	N	---	---
Pennywort	E	N	N	N	N	N	G	N
Plantain	---	N	N	N	N	N	G	---
Prostrate Spurge	---	N	N	N	N	---	F	N
Woodsorrel	G	N	N	N	N	N	G	---

continued

¹ E = Excellent; G = Good; F = Fair; N = No control; --- = Data not available.

² Adapted from information contained in *Turf Weed Control Guidelines for Mississippi*, Mississippi State University Extension Service and Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station, Mississippi State, MS 39762.

Table 6. Estimated Control from Preemergence Herbicides^{1,2} (cont.)

Weeds	HERBICIDES						
	oryzalin	oxadiazon	oxadiazon + prodiamine	pendimethalin	prodiamine	pronamide	simazine
Annual Bluegrass	E	G	G	E	E	E	E
Chickweed	G	F	F	G	---	F	E
Clovers	N	N	---	N	---	---	F
Crabgrass	E	G	E	E	E	N	F
Dandelion	N	N	N	N	N	N	F
Florida Betony	N	N	N	N	N	N	---
Goosegrass	G	E	E	G	E	---	N
Ground Ivy	N	N	N	N	N	N	G
Henbit	N	G	---	N	---	---	E
Lawn Burweed	N	F	N	N	---	---	E
Lespedeza	N	---	N	N	N	---	F
Pennywort	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Plantain	N	N	N	N	N	N	F
Prostrate Spurge	N	G	F	F	---	---	G
Woodsorrel	F	G	F	F	F	---	G

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² Adapted from information contained in *Turf Weed Control Guidelines for Mississippi*, Mississippi State University Extension Service and Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station, Mississippi State, MS 39762.

Table 7. Estimated Control from Postemergence Herbicides^{1,2}

Weeds	HERBICIDES						
	atrazine	bentazon	clethodim	clopyralid	clopyralid + triclopyr	2,4-D	2,4-D + mecoprop
Annual Bluegrass	E	N	F	N	N	N	N
Bahiagrass	N	N	---	N	N	N	N
Chickweed	E	N	N	---	E	F	G
Clovers	G	N	N	E	E	N	G
Crabgrass	F	N	G	N	N	N	N
Dallisgrass	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Dandelion	F	---	N	F	E	E	E
Florida Betony	F	---	N	---	---	N	F
Goosegrass	N	N	F	N	N	N	N
Ground Ivy	G	---	N	---	G	G	---
Henbit	E	---	N	---	E	F	G
Lawn Burweed	E	---	N	---	---	F	F
Lespedeza	F	N	N	---	---	F	G
Nutsedge, Purple	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Nutsedge, Yellow	N	E	N	N	N	N	N
Pennywort	F	---	N	---	---	F	G
Plantain	F	---	N	G	F	E	G
Prostrate Spurge	G	---	N	N	E	N	F
Virginia Buttonweed	N	N	N	---	F	N	F
Wild Garlic	N	---	N	N	F	F	F
Woodsorrel	G	---	N	---	---	N	N

continued¹ E = Excellent; G = Good; F = Fair; N = No control; --- = Data not available.² Adapted from information contained in *Turf Weed Control Guidelines for Mississippi*, Mississippi State University Extension Service and Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station, Mississippi State, MS 39762.

Table 7. Estimated Control from Postemergence Herbicides ^{1,2} (cont.)

Weeds	HERBICIDES								
	2,4-D + dicamba	2,4-D + mecoprop + dicamba	diclofop	dicamba	fenoxa- prop	fluro- xypyr	halosul- furon	imaza- quin	meco- prop
Annual Bluegrass	N	N	---	N	---	---	N	N	N
Bahiagrass	N	N	N	N	N	---	N	---	N
Chickweed	G	E	N	E	N	E	---	G	G
Clovers	E	E	N	E	N	E	---	---	E
Crabgrass	N	N	---	N	E	---	N	---	N
Dallisgrass	N	N	N	N	N	---	N	N	N
Dandelion	E	E	N	G	N	F	N	F	F
Florida Betony	G	G	N	G	N	F	N	---	N
Goosegrass	N	N	E	N	G	---	N	N	N
Ground Ivy	---	G	N	---	N	G	---	---	N
Henbit	G	E	N	E	N	F	N	F	F
Lawn Burweed	G	G	N	G	N	---	---	---	N
Lespedeza	G	G	N	E	N	---	N	---	G
Nutsedge, Purple	N	N	N	N	N	---	E	E	N
Nutsedge, Yellow	N	N	N	N	N	---	E	E	N
Pennywort	G	G	N	G	N	---	N	---	N
Plantain	G	G	N	F	N	F	N	---	F
Prostrate Spurge	G	G	N	F	N	---	N	---	N
Virginia Buttonweed	G	G	N	F	N	G	N	---	N
Wild Garlic	F	F	N	F	N	---	---	E	N
Woodsorrel	F	F	N	G	N	E	N	F	F

continued¹ E = Excellent; G = Good; F = Fair; N = No control; --- = Data not available.² Adapted from information contained in *Turf Weed Control Guidelines for Mississippi*, Mississippi State University Extension Service and Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station, Mississippi State, MS 39762.

Table 7. Estimated Control from Postemergence Herbicides ^{1,2} (cont.)

Weeds	HERBICIDES				
	metribuzin	metsulfuron	MSMA	rimsulfuron	sethoxydim
Annual Bluegrass	G	N	N	E	F
Bahiagrass	---	E	F	---	F
Chickweed	G	G	N	---	N
Clovers	N	G	N	---	N
Crabgrass	N	N	E	---	G
Dallisgrass	N	N	E	---	N
Dandelion	N	G	N	---	N
Florida Betony	N	G	N	---	N
Goosegrass	N	N	F	---	F
Ground Ivy	G	G	N	E	N
Henbit	G	G	N	---	N
Lawn Burweed	G	---	N	G	N
Lespedeza	N	G	N	---	N
Nutsedge, Purple	N	N	F	---	N
Nutsedge, Yellow	N	N	F	---	N
Pennywort	N	N	F	---	N
Plantain	N	G	N	---	N
Prostrate Spurge	N	G	N	---	N
Virginia Buttonweed	N	---	N	---	N
Wild Garlic	N	N	N	---	N
Woodsorrel	N	G	N	---	N

continued¹ E = Excellent; G = Good; F = Fair; N = No control; --- = Data not available.² Adapted from information contained in *Turf Weed Control Guidelines for Mississippi*, Mississippi State University Extension Service and Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station, Mississippi State, MS 39762.

Table 7. Estimated Control from Postemergence Herbicides ^{1,2} (cont.)

Weeds	HERBICIDES					
	2,4-D + dicamba + fluroxypyr	bispyribac	carfentrazone	sulfosulfuron	sulfentrazone	mesotrione
Annual Bluegrass	N	G	N	G	N	N
Bahiagrass	N	N	N	N	N	N
Chickweed	E	E	G	G	G	G
Clovers	E	E	G	E	G	G
Crabgrass	N	N	N	N	---	F-G
Dallisgrass	N	N	N	N	N	N
Dandelion	E	F	G	---	G	G
Florida Betony	G	N	---	---	N	G
Goosegrass	N	N	N	N	G	F-G
Ground Ivy	G	---	G	---	F	F
Henbit	E	E	G	G	G	G
Lawn Burweed	G	G	---	---	G	G
Lespedeza	G	---	---	F	G	---
Nutsedge, Purple	N	N	N	G	F-G	N
Nutsedge, Yellow	N	---	N	G	G	G
Pennywort	F	N	---	---	---	G
Plantain	G	G	---	---	F	N
Prostrate Spurge	G	---	E	---	G	---
Virginia Buttonweed	F	N	N	N	N	N
Wild Garlic	---	N	---	N	G	N
Woodsorrel	G	F	---	---	G	G

¹ E = Excellent; G = Good; F = Fair; N = No control; --- = Data not available.

² Adapted from information contained in *Turf Weed Control Guidelines for Mississippi*, Mississippi State University Extension Service and Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station, Mississippi State, MS 39762.

Table 8. Tolerance of Established Turfgrasses to Herbicides ¹

ESTABLISHED TURF	HERBICIDES						
	atrazine (PRE)	bensulide (PRE)	dithiopyr (PRE)	isoxaben (PRE)	oxadiazon (PRE)	proflaminate (PRE)	simazine (PRE)
WARM SEASON							
Bahiagrass	I-S	T	---	T	---	T	I-S
Bermudagrass	I-D	T	T	T	T	T	I-D
Centipedegrass	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
St. Augustinegrass	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Zoysiagrass	I	T	T	T	---	T	I
COOL SEASON							
Kentucky Bluegrass	S	T	T	T	---	T	S
Red Fescue	S	T	---	T	---	T	S
Tall Fescue	S	T	T	T	---	T	S

continued

¹ Ratings are based on observations of research plots and field use of herbicides under average weather conditions for several year sby weed control workers in Alabama. Control may vary depending on factors such as time and method of application, weather conditions, size of weeds, etc.

KEY TO RATINGS AND ABBREVIATIONS

T = Tolerant.

I = Intermediately tolerant; use herbicide with care.

S = Sensitive; do not use this herbicide.

D = Dormant grasses tolerant to this herbicide; will kill growing plants.

--- = Information not available.

PRE = Preemergence

NOTE: Some of the above combinations show a tolerance rating although such usage is not currently labeled.

Table 8. Tolerance of Established Turfgrasses to Herbicides ¹ (cont.)

ESTABLISHED TURF	HERBICIDES							
	pronamide (PRE, POST)	2,4-D (POST)	bentazon (POST)	clethodim (POST)	clopyralid (POST)	dicamba (POST)	fluroxypyr (POST)	glyphosate (POST)
WARM SEASON								
Bahiagrass	---	T	T	S	T	T	S	S
Bermudagrass	T	T	T	S	T	T	I	S
Centipedegrass	I	I	T	T	T	I	T	S
St. Augustinegrass	I	I	T	S	T	S	I	S
Zoysiagrass	I	T	T	S	T	T	T	S
COOL SEASON								
Kentucky Bluegrass	S	I	T	S	T	I	T	S
Red Fescue	S	I	T	S	T	I	I	S
Tall Fescue	S	T	T	S	T	T	T	S

continued

¹ Ratings are based on observations of research plots and field use of herbicides under average weather conditions for several years by weed control workers in Alabama. Control may vary depending on factors such as time and method of application, weather conditions, size of weeds, etc.

KEY TO RATINGS AND ABBREVIATIONS

T = Tolerant.

I = Intermediately tolerant; use herbicide with care.

S = Sensitive; do not use this herbicide.

D = Dormant grasses tolerant to this herbicide; will kill growing plants.

--- = Information not available.

PRE = Preemergence

POST = Postemergence

NOTE: Some of the above combinations show a tolerance rating although such usage is not currently labeled.

Table 8. Tolerance of Established Turfgrasses to Herbicides ¹ (cont.)

ESTABLISHED TURF	HERBICIDES						
	halosulfuron (POST)	imazaquin (POST)	MSMA (POST)	mecoprop (POST)	metribuzin (POST)	sethoxydim (POST)	metsulfuron (POST)
WARM SEASON							
Bahiagrass	T	I	I-S	T	I	S	T
Bermudagrass	T	T	T	T	T	S	T
Centipedegrass	T	T	S	I	S	T	T
St. Augustinegrass	T	T	S	I	S	S	T
Zoysiagrass	T	T	T	T	S	S	T
COOL SEASON							
Kentucky Bluegrass	T	S	T	T	S	S	T
Red Fescue	T	S	I	T	S	S	T
Tall Fescue	T	S	T	T	S	S	T

continued

¹ Ratings are based on observations of research plots and field use of herbicides under average weather conditions for several years by weed control workers in Alabama. Control may vary depending on factors such as time and method of application, weather conditions, size of weeds, etc.

KEY TO RATINGS AND ABBREVIATIONS

T = Tolerant.

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S = Sensitive; do not use this herbicide.

D = Dormant grasses tolerant to this herbicide; will kill growing plants.

--- = Information not available.

POST = Postemergence

NOTE: Some of the above combinations show a tolerance rating although such usage is not currently labeled.

Table 8. Tolerance of Established Turfgrasses to Herbicides ¹ (cont.)

ESTABLISHED TURF	HERBICIDES						
	rimsulfuron (POST)	2,4-d + dicamba + fluoxypyr (POST)	bispyribac (POST)	carfentra- zone (POST)	sulfosulfuran (POST)	sulfentrazone (POST)	mesotrione (POST)
WARM SEASON							
Bahiagrass	I	I-S	T	I	S	T	---
Bermudagrass	T	T	T	T	S	T	S
Centipedegrass	T	S	I	S	T	T	T
St. Augustinegrass	T	S	I	S	S	T	T
Zoysiagrass	T	T	T	S	S	T	S
COOL SEASON							
Kentucky Bluegrass	S	T	T	S	S	T	T
Red Fescue	S	I	T	S	S	T	T
Tall Fescue	S	T	T	S	S	T	T

¹ Ratings are based on observations of research plots and field use of herbicides under average weather conditions for several years by weed control workers in Alabama. Control may vary depending on factors such as time and method of application, weather conditions, size of weeds, etc.

KEY TO RATINGS AND ABBREVIATIONS

T = Tolerant.

I = Intermediately tolerant; use herbicide with care.

S = Sensitive; do not use this herbicide.

D = Dormant grasses tolerant to this herbicide; will kill growing plants.

--- = Information not available.

POST = Postemergence

NOTE: Some of the above combinations show a tolerance rating although such usage is not currently labeled.

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For more information, contact your county Extension office. Visit <http://www.aces.edu/counties> or look in your telephone directory under your county's name to find contact information.

Use pesticides **only** according to the directions on the label. Follow all directions, precautions, and restrictions that are listed. Do not use pesticides on plants that are not listed on the label.

The pesticide rates in this publication are recommended **only** if they are registered with the Environmental Protection Agency or the Alabama Department of Agriculture and Industries. If a registration is changed or canceled, the rate listed here is no longer recommended. Before you apply **any** pesticide, check with your county Extension agent for the latest information.

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