

Amphibians



Fowler's Toad (2)

Bufo fowleri

“Henry and Henrietta”

These common toads have the largest range of any toad in North America. Toads are generally a more land dwelling animal when compared to frogs, and have a more leathery skin to allow for water retention and toxin glands to deter predators.



Tree Frogs (3)

Hyla cinerea (Green Tree Frog)

Hyla gratiosa (Barking Tree Frog)

Hyla versicolor (Gray Tree Frog)

“Larry, Curly and Moe”

Tree frogs are typically found in wooded areas near ponds, lakes and rivers. They frequently climb into porch lights to seek out insects after dark. They are avid eaters of crickets and a variety of worms. Though often thought of as a good household pet it should be noted that handling an amphibian can lead to illness and death for the animal. They absorb oxygen through their skin and will therefore absorb toxins on human hands if they are handled



Eastern Tiger Salamander

Ambystoma tigrinum

“Tiger”

This species of salamander can reach 10 or more inches in length! Adult salamanders generally live in moist areas on land, returning to the water only to breed. Their numbers have declined drastically in recent years due to the drying up and alteration of their wetland habitats. Exotic fish introduced into ponds and deforestation can also cause problems for salamanders.

